

## REMARKS

Applicant thanks the Examiner for examination of the application.

Claim 1 has been amended to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which Applicant regards as the invention pursuant to 35 USC 112.

The Examiner is requested to withdraw the rejection of claims 1, 3, 4, 6-12, 14-16, 18-20 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dent et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,187,675) in view of Weigand et al. patent (U. S. Patent No. 5,285,185).

Amended Claim 1 recites:

A system for locating a specific value contained in an array of N data values, the specific value being the result of a binary operation defined over the array of N data values wherein each data value is a plurality of bits wide, the system comprising a plurality of decision units grouped in successive computation stages wherein:

(a) each decision unit receives a pair of input values, each input value containing a data value and a partial address; and

(b) each decision unit generates a value representative of a selected data value and the partial address of the selected data value and the decision unit of the last computation stage contains the specific value, wherein each of the plurality of decision units comprises:

(i) a binary operator for generating a binary decision representative of a local address of the selected data value,

(ii) a multiplexer coupled to the binary operator for generating one of the pair of input values as output and with the output being selected by the binary decision, and

(iii) a storage element coupled to the binary operator and the multiplexer for storing the output of the multiplexer and the binary decision which is added to the partial address of the selected data value.

Dent et al. teaches a binary tree structure that is symmetric, or regular when  $M=2^N$  for determining the greatest or the least. Dent et al. does not teach nor suggest the binary operator, the multiplexer nor the storage element as is required by the amended Claim 1. Clearly, the Dent patent does not teach the configuration as required by amended Claim 1.

Weigand et al. teaches comparator for comparing dual-coded data, such as can be used for fast address comparison in computer systems, for testing and diagnosis of software, or in digital control circuits for comparison of reference and actual values. Specifically, col. 2, lines 43-54, disclose the use of a partial address assigned to the partial comparison data. Weigand et al. does not teach nor suggest the configuration of the binary operator, the multiplexer, and the storage element as is required by the amended Claim 1.

The combination of Dent et al. and Weigand et al. does not provide an apparatus with the required features of a system for locating a specific value contained in an array of  $N$  data values required by amended Claim 1. The combination of Dent et al. and Weigand et al. does not teach nor suggest a "multiplexer coupled to the binary operator for generating one of the pair of input values as output and with the output being selected by the binary decision" as required by amended Claim 1. Furthermore, the combination of Dent et al. and Weigand et al. does not teach nor suggest "a storage element coupled to the binary operator and the multiplexer for storing the output of the multiplexer and the binary decision which is added to the partial address of the selected data value" as required by amended Claim 1. Accordingly, it would be necessary to make modifications not taught in the prior art to combine the references in the manner suggested by the Examiner. Thus, it would not have been obvious

to one skilled in the art to combine the references in the manner suggested.

Moreover, since the combination of Dent et al. and Weigand et al. does not show nor suggest the apparatus of amended Claim 1, Claim 1 is unanticipated and unobvious over Dent et al. in view of Weigand et al. as recited by Examiner.

Dependent claims 3, 4, and 6 - 11 are also allowable as depending on allowable independent amended Claim 1 and including further limitations that distinguish over the art. Claim 3 provides that the binary operator selects the minimum value of the pair of data values contained in the pair of input values. Claim 4 provides that the binary operator selects the maximum value of the pair of data values contained in the pair of input values. Claim 6 provides that the partial address of an input value at computation stage  $i$  is the  $(i-1)$  most significant bit of the storage element of computation stage  $(i-1)$ . Claim 7 provides that the partial address of an input value at computation stage  $i$  is the  $(i-1)$  least significant bit of the storage element of computation stage  $(i-1)$ . Claims 8 and 9 at least provide claim differentiation. Claim 10 provides that the last computation stage contains the address of the specific value in the  $K$  most significant bits of its associated storage element. Claim 11 provides that the last computation stage contains the address of the specific value in the  $K$  least significant bits of its associated storage element.

Amended claim 12 recites:

An apparatus for obtaining information on a specific value within a pair of inputs, wherein each input contains a data value and a partial address of the data value, the apparatus comprising:

(a) a binary operator which compares the data values and which generates as output a binary decision

representative of a local address of the specific data value;

(b) a multiplexer coupled to the binary operator and coupled to receive each data values along with its partial address which generates as output the specific data value along with its partial address based on the binary decision; and

(c) a storage element coupled to the binary operator and the multiplexer which stores the output of the multiplexer and the binary decision.

Dent et al. teaches a binary tree structure that is symmetric, or regular when  $M=2^N$  for determining the greatest or the least. Dent et al. does not teach nor suggest the binary operator, the multiplexer nor the storage element as is required by the amended Claim 12. Clearly, the Dent patent does not teach the configuration as required by amended Claim 12.

Weigand et al. teaches comparator for comparing dual-coded data, such as can be used for fast address comparison in computer systems, for testing and diagnosis of software, or in digital control circuits for comparison of reference and actual values. Specifically, col. 2, lines 43-54, disclose the use of a partial address assigned to the partial comparison data. Weigand et al. does not teach nor suggest the configuration of the binary operator, the multiplexer, and the storage element as is required by the amended Claim 12.

The combination of Dent et al. and Weigand et al. does not provide an apparatus for obtaining information on a specific value within a pair of inputs required by amended Claim 12. The combination of Dent et al. and Weigand et al. does not teach nor suggest a "multiplexer coupled to the binary operator and coupled to receive each data values along with its partial address which generates as output the specific data value along with its partial address based on the binary decision" as required by amended Claim 12. Furthermore, the combination of Dent et al.

and Weigand et al. does not teach nor suggest "a storage element coupled to the binary operator and the multiplexer which stores the output of the multiplexer and the binary decision" as required by amended Claim 12. Accordingly, it would be necessary to make modifications not taught in the prior art to combine the references in the manner suggested by the Examiner. Thus, it would not have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the references in the manner suggested.

Moreover, since the combination of Dent et al. and Weigand et al. does not show nor suggest the apparatus of amended Claim 12, Claim 12 is unanticipated and unobvious over Dent et al. in view of Weigand et al. as recited by Examiner.

Dependent claims 14 and 15 are also allowable as depending on allowable independent amended Claim 12 and including further limitations that distinguish over the art. Claims 14 and 15 at least provide claim differentiation.

Amended Claim 16 recites:

In an array of  $N$  data values, a method of determining an address for a result, the result being the output of a binary operation defined in the array of data values each data value having  $W$  bits, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) performing, at each computation stage  $i$  of  $\log_2 N$ , computation stages,  $N/2^i$  binary operations on the data values of  $N/2^i$  pairs of input values using a binary operator, wherein each input value includes a data value and a partial address, wherein each of the binary operations generates a binary decision representative of a selected data value and the partial address of the selected data value;

(b) multiplexing at each computation stage each pair of input values using a multiplexer and producing an output determined by the binary decision; and

(c) storing at each computation stage the binary decision and the selected input in a storage element.

Dent et al. teaches a binary tree structure that is symmetric, or regular when  $M=2^N$  for determining the greatest or the least. As shown in Figure 1, pairs of the  $M$  input values  $V_0$ - $V_1$ , are compared in a first stage of a tree 10 having  $M/2=4$  comparators 11-1 to 11-4; the larger value of each pair is selected and passed to a second stage having  $M/4=2$  comparators 12-1, 12-2. The larger values of the two pairs are passed to the final, third stage having  $M/8=1$  comparator 13, which passes the largest values  $V_{MAX}$  to its output. It will be appreciated that the number of stages needed for searching the  $M$  input values is just  $N$ .

Amended claim 16 requires a binary operator, a multiplexer and a storage element.

Dent et al. does not teach nor suggest a multiplexer nor a storage element as recited in amended Claim 16.

Amended Claim 16 requires the step of "performing, at each computation stage  $i$  of  $\log_2 N$ , computation stages,  $N/2^i$  binary operations on the data values of  $N/2^i$  pairs of input values using a binary operator, wherein each input value includes a data value and a partial address, wherein each of the binary operations generates a binary decision representative of a selected data value and the partial address of the selected data value."

Dent et al. does not teach an input value that includes a data value and a partial address.

Furthermore, amended Claim 16 requires the step of "multiplexing at each computation stage each pair of input values using a multiplexer and producing an output determined by the binary decision."

Dent et al. does not teach nor suggest a multiplexer nor the multiplexing step as required by Claim 16.

Moreover, amended Claim 16 requires the step of storing at each computation stage the binary decision and the selected input in a storage element.

Dent et al. does not teach nor suggest the storing step nor the storage element.

Since the Dent patent does not show nor suggest the claimed features of amended Claim 16, Claim 16 is unanticipated and unobvious over Dent et al. as recited by Examiner.

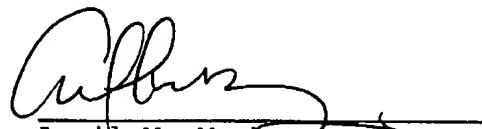
Dependent claims 18 and 20 are also allowable as depending on allowable independent amended Claim 16 and including further limitations that distinguish over the art. Claim 18 provides that the computation stage at level  $\log_2 N$  contains the value of the result of the binary operation and its address within the array of values. Claim 20 at least provides claim differentiation.

Claims 1, 3-4, 6-12, 14-16 and 18-20 stand allowable.

This Amendment, submitted in response to the outstanding office action dated April 24, 2003 is believed fully responsive to each point of objection or rejection raised therein.

The Claims 1, 3-4, 6-12, 14-16 and 18-20 distinguish over the cited references and the application is in allowable form. Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration or further examination and allowance of the application.

Respectfully submitted,



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VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADEIn the Claims:

Claims 1 and 3 have been amended as follows:

1 1. (Twice Amended) A system for locating a specific value  
2 contained in an array of N data values, the specific value being  
3 the result of a binary operation defined over the array of N data  
4 values wherein each data value is a plurality of [W] bits wide,  
5 the system comprising a plurality of decision units grouped in  
6 successive computation stages wherein:

7 (a) each decision unit receives a pair of input values, each  
8 input value containing a data value and a partial address[,  
9 wherein each of the plurality of decision units comprises:

10 (i) a binary operator for generating a binary decision  
11 representative of a local address of the selected data value,

12 (ii) a multiplexer coupled to the binary operator for  
13 generating one of the pair of input values as output and with the  
14 output being selected by the binary decision, and

15 (iii) a storage element coupled to the binary operator  
16 and the multiplexer for storing the output of the multiplexer and  
17 the binary decision which is added to the partial address of the  
18 selected data value]; and

19 (b) each decision unit generates a value representative of a  
20 selected data value and the partial address of the selected data  
21 value and the decision unit of the last computation stage  
22 contains the specific value, wherein each of the plurality of  
23 decision units comprises:

24 (i) a binary operator for generating a binary decision  
25 representative of a local address of the selected data value,

26                    (ii) a multiplexer coupled to the binary operator for  
27    generating one of the pair of input values as output and with the  
28    output being selected by the binary decision, and  
29                    (iii) a storage element coupled to the binary operator  
30    and the multiplexer for storing the output of the multiplexer and  
31    the binary decision which is added to the partial address of the  
32    selected data value.

1    3. (Twice Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the binary  
2    operator selects the [that] minimum value of the pair of data  
3    values contained in the pair of input values.